User Manual



RISH Multi 18S

Analog-Digital Multimeter

30919



Rishabh Instruments Pvt. Ltd.

Factory: F-31, MIDC, Satpur, Nashik-422 007 India Phone (0253) 2202202, 2202162 Fax: 91 - 0253 - 2351064, 2202302

E-mail: info@rishabh.co.in Website: www.rishabh.co.in

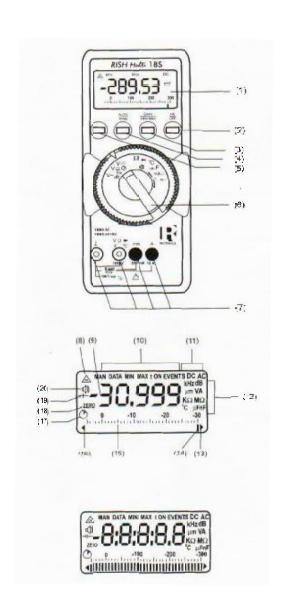
Mumbai Office:

A-54, MIDC, Marol Ind. Estate, Andheri (East), Mumbai - 400 093 Phone : (022) 56921425 / 6

Fax: 91 - 22 - 56921427

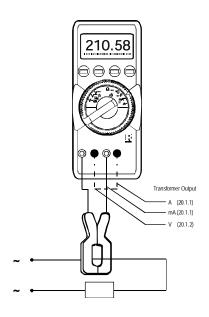


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2 RISHABH INSTRUMENTS

AC current measurement with (clip-on) current transformers



(1)	Liquid crystal display	(10)	Symbols for displaying
(2)	ON / OFF pushbutton		selected functions
(3)	Pushbutton for data hold and	(11)	Display for selected function
	MIN/MAX storage functions	(12)	Display for the unit of measured
(4)	Pushbutton for manual range		quantity
	selection	(13)	Overrange indication
(5)	Multi-function pushbutton	(14)	Pointer for analog indication
(6)	Function selector switch	(15)	Scale for analog indication
(7)	Terminal sockets with	(16)	Indication that negative analog
	automatic blocking system	(4.7)	range is exceeded
(8)	symbol for CONTINUOUSLY	(17)	Activated stop watch indicator
(0)	ON"	(18)	Zero adjust indicator
(9)	Digital display with	(19)	Low battery indicator Buzzer indication
	indication of decimal point and polarity	(20)	Buzzer Hulcation
٠.,	and polarity ntents		
			4
1.			4
2.			5
3.	•		6
3.1	0 0		6
3.2			6
4.			7
4.1			7
4.2	Analog indication		7
4.3	Backlit		7
5.	"DATA" nold / compare facility	<i>y</i>	7
6.	Minimum value and maximur	n value '	'MIN/MAX" storage facility
	with time display.		
7.	Voltage measurement		8
7.1	Voltage measurement on elec		
			9
7.2			9
8.			11
٠.			n) current transformers 13
9.			ity test13
10			1
11.			15
12.			15
13.			16
14	•		17
15			17
16.			
			18
17.			20
18.			28
18.			28
			28
			29
19.	Repair and replacement parts	service	29

RISHABH INSTRUMENTS 3 RISHABH INSTRUMENTS

1. Safety features and safety precautions

You have chosen a meter which offers you a very high degree of safety. The analog/digital multimeter *RISHM* 485 is manufactured in compliance with the safety **standard IEC 61010-1:2001 / DIN 61010-1:2001.**

In case of incorrect use or careless handling, the safety of both user and multimeter is not assured.

To maintain the safe and proper condition of the meters and to ensure their safe operation, it is absolutely necessary to carefully and completely read these operating instructions before using any meter. These instructions must be followed in all respects.

For your safety and for protection of the meter, the *RISHMulti* 18S multimeter is fitted with an automatic terminal blocking system. It is coupled with the function selector switch, which blocks the terminal sockets not necessary for measurement.

Please note the following safety precautions:

- The meter must only be operated by persons who understand the danger of shock nazards and know how to apply safety precautions. Shock hazards exist wherever voltages of more than 30 V (TRMS) can appear.
- Do not work alone in shock hazardous environment while carrying out measurement
- The maximum permissible voltage between any of the terminal sockets
 (7) and ground is 1000 V.
- Take into account that unexpected voltages can occur on devices under test (e.g. defective instruments). Capacitors may be charged to a cangerously high voltage, for instance.
- Verify that the test leads are in good condition, e.g. no cracked insulation, no open circuits in the leads or connectors.
- This meter must not be used for measurements on circuits with corona discharge (high voltage).
- Be particularly careful when measuring on HF circuits. Dangerous composite voltages may exist there.
- Measurements under moist environmental conditions are not permitted.
- Do not exceed the permissible overload limits of the measuring ranges. See Table "Measuring ranges" under "17. Specifications".
- All current measuring ranges, are fused. The maximum permissible voltage
 of the measuring circuit (– nominal voltage of the fuse) is 1000 V AC/DC
 on the "mA" ranges, "A" ranges.
- You must only use the merer in powor systoms, when the current circuit
 is protected by a fuse or a circuit breaker of 20 A, and when the
 nominal voltage of the system does not exceed 1000 V.

For safe voltage measurements on power systems, up to 1000V we recommend the KS30 measuring adapter, which is available as accessory. Its internal resistance limits the measuring current in the case of overvoltage and incorrect operation and safely suppresses sparking from spark gaps. Also refer to Section '7.1 Voltage measurement on electrical systems up to 1000V with the KS30 measuring adapter'.

Fuse replacement

- ⇒ Open the meter same as for battery replacement.
- Remove the blown fuse, e. g. with the aid of a probe, and replace it with a new one.

Permissible types

-for current measuring ranges up to 300 mA:

Type FF(UR) 1.6A / 1000V AC/DC; (10kA); 6.3mm x 32mm

-for the 3A and 10A current measuring ranges: Type FF(UR) 16A / 1000V AC/DC; (30kA); 10mm x 38mm

Caution:

Absolutely verify that only the specified fuse is Installed!

If a fuse of other cut-out capacity, other nominal current or other switching capacity is used, a dangerous situation exists for you, and there is danger of damaging protective diodes, resistors or other components.

The use of mended fuses or shorting of the fuse holder is not permissible.

18.3 Case

Special maintenance of the case is not required. Take care that the surface between the connection sockets is clean. For cleaning take a moist cloth. Avoid scrabbing.

19. Repair and replacement parts service

When you need service, please contact:

RISHABH INSTRUMENTS PVT. LTD.
F-31, M.I.D.C. Area,
Satour. Nashik - 422 007.

Maharshtra. India.

Tel: +91-253-2202202, 2202160 Fax: +91-253-2351064, 2202302

E-mail: service@rishabh-instruments.com

20. Appendix

20.1 AC current measurement with (clip-on) current transformers 20.1.1 Transformer output mA/A

Caution:

If current transformers are operated with an open circuit on the secondary side, e.g. due to defective or disconnected leads, a blown fuse In the meter, or a wrong connection, dangerously high voltages can occur at the connectors. Therefore, verify that the current circuit of the meter and the secondary winding of the transformer connected to the meter form an intact circuit. Connect the transformer to the sockets \bot and mA and/or A.

The maximum permissible operating voltage is the nominal voltage of the curren: transformer. When reading the measured value, take into account the transformer ratio and the additional error in indication.

20.1.2 Transformer output V

Several transformers are fitted with a voltage output (designation mV/A). The secondary output must therefore be connected to the connection sockets \pm and V.

4 RISHABH INSTRUMENTS 29 RISHABH INSTRUMENTS

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Ambient conditions

Functional temperature range $-20 \, ^{\rm q}{\rm C}... + 50 \, ^{\rm q}{\rm C}$ Storage temperature range $-25 \, ^{\rm q}{\rm C}... + 70 \, ^{\rm q}{\rm C}$

Climatic class 2z/-20/50/70/75 % with reference to VDI /

VDE 3540 Altitude up to 2000 m

Mechanical configuration

Protection type IP 50 for the connection sockets IP 20

according to DIN VDE 0470 Part 1 / EN

60529

Dimensions 84 mm x 195 mm x 35 mm Weight 350 g approx., including cattery

18. Maintenance

Caution:

Disconnect the meter from the measuring circuit before you open it to replace the battery or the fuse!

18.1 Battery

Prior to initial start-up, or after storage of your meter, verify that the battery of your meter does not leak. Repeat this check in regular short intervals.

If the battery leaks, completely remove the battery electrolyte carefully with a moist cloth and install a new battery before you operate your meter again.

When the symbol "-I-" (17) appears on the LCD (1), replace the battery as soon as possible. You can continue to measure, but a reduced measuring accuracy must be taken into account.

The meter operates with a 9 V flat cell battery according to IEC 6 F 22 or IEC 6 LR 61 or with a suitable NiCd storage battery.

Replacing the battery

- Place the meter on its face, loosen the two screws on the rear and remove the lower part of the case, lifting it from the bottom. The lower and the upper part of the case are fixed together at the top on the front by means of detent hocks.
- ➡ Remove the battery from the battery compartment and carefully disconnect the contacts from the battery.
- \Rightarrow Snap the connection contacts to a new 9V battery and insert the battery into the battery compartment.
- ⇒ Replace the lower part of the case. Start at the top on the front and take care that the detent hooks are properly engaged at this point.
- $\mathrel{\mathrel{\ \ \, \hookrightarrow}\ } \mathsf{Please}$ destroy the batteries in an environmental friendly way.

18.2 Fuses

A blown fuse is signalled on the LCD display the instant a measured quantity having a voltage of more than $4\,V$ is applied to the corresponding connection sockets. Then, the digital display (9) shows "FUSE".

The 16 A fuse interrupts the 3 A and 10 A ranges, the 1.6 A fuse all other current measuring ranges. All other measuring ranges continue to function. When a fuse blows, first eliminate the cause of the overload before using the meter again!

Meaning of the symbols on the device

Warning of a danger point (Attention, refer to documentation)

Ground connector

Double or reinforced all-insulation

Repair, replacement of parts and calibration

When opening the meter, live parts may be exposed. Therefore, the meter must be disconnected from the measuring circuit prior to opening its case for repair, replacement of parts or calibration. If repair or calibration cannot be avoided unless the meter is open and live, this work must only be performed by a qualified person who understands the danger involved.

Faults and extraordinary stress

When it must be assumed that safe operation is no longer possible, take the meter out of service and secure it against accidental use.

It is assumed that safe operation is no longer possible

- when the meter shows obvious signs of damage,
- when the meter no longer functions correctly,
- after prolonged storage under adverse conditions,
- Due to severe stress during transportation.

2. Switching the meter on Battery

Fit the meter with 9 volt flat cell pattery provided along with the meter. Before you use the meter for the first time or after storage, absolutely refer to Section "18.1 Maintenance Battery".

Switching the meter on

⇒ Press the "ON/OFF" pushbutton (2).

Switch-on is acknowledged by a sound signal. As long as you keep the push-button pressed, all segments of the liquid crystal display (LCD) will appear. The LCD is shown on page 2.

After the pushbutton is released, the meter is ready for operation.

Note

Electric discharges and high frequency interference may cause incorrect information to be displayed and block the measuring process. Rese: the meter by switching it OFF and ON again. Otherwise, check the battery connections.

Disconnect the meter from the measuring circuit before you open it and see section "18. Maintenance"!

Automatic turn-off

Your meter turns of automatically, when the measured value remains constant (variations of the measured value $\leq \pm 20$ digits) for about 10 minutes and when neither a pushbutton nor the function selector switch is operated during that

How to prevent automatic turn-off

Switch your meter to "CONTINUOUSLY ON" mode.

To do this, press the yellow multi-function pushbutton (5) and the "ON/OFF" pushbutton (2) together. The function "CONTINUOUSLY ON" is shown on the LCD (1) by the ▲symbol (8).

28 RISHABH INSTRUMENTS 5 RISHABH INSTRUMENTS

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Turning the meter off

Press the "ON/OFF" pushbutton (2).

3. Function and range selection

The function selector switch (6) is coupled with the automatic terminal blocking system which only allows access to two correct sockets for each function. Prior to switching to the "mA" or "A" functions or from the "mA" or "A" functions, remove the test lead from the corresponding socket. When the test leads are plugged-in, the terminal blocking system prevents accidental switching to non-permissible functions.

3.1 Autoranging

The multimeter features autoranging for all measuring ranges except tor temperature measurement and diode test. Autoranging is automatically selected after switching the meter ON. According to the measured quantity applied, the meter automatically selects the measuring range which gives the best resolution. When switching to frequency measurement the previously selected voltage measuring range is maintained.

The meter switches automatically to:

-the next higher range ± (30999 digits +1 digit) -the next lower range ± (2800 digits -1 digit) at For capacitance measurement the change of switchover occurs 3071 digits +1 digit at 280 digits -1 digit and

3.2 Manual range selection

You can switch off autoranging and select and fix the ranges manually according to the table on the following page.

Manual mode is switched OFF when you press pushbutton AUTO/MAN (4) for approximately 1s, when the function selector switch (6) is operated, or when you turn the meter OFF and ON again.

AUTO/	Function		Acknowledge- ment		
MAN (4)			Sound signal		
Short	Manual mode on : Used range is fixed	MAN (10)	1x		
Short	$Switching sequence at: $$V: 300 \text{ mV} \rightarrow 3V \rightarrow 30V \rightarrow 300V \rightarrow 1000V \rightarrow 300 \text{ mV} \rightarrow$$ dB: = the switching sequence at V^* mA: $300 \mu A \rightarrow 30m A \rightarrow 300 m A 300 \mu A $$A \rightarrow 10A \rightarrow 3A$$ \Omega: $30 M \Omega \rightarrow 300\Omega \rightarrow 3k\Omega \rightarrow 30k\Omega \rightarrow 300k\Omega \rightarrow 30M\Omega \rightarrow 300M\Omega \rightarrow 30$	MAN (10)	1x		
Long	Return to autoranging	_	2x		

Response time (after manual range selection)

nesponse time (after manual range selection)						
Measured quantity/ measuring range	Response time of analog of digital indication display		Step function of the measured quantity			
V , V~,	0.7 s	1.5 s	from 0 to 80 %			
A, A~		300 mV; 8s	of upper range limit			
300Ω3MΩ	1.5s	2s	from ∞ to 50 %			
30 MΩ	4s	5s	of upper range limit			
→ +	0.7s	1.5s	or upper range firmit			
3nF300 μF	max. 2s	max. 2s				
3 000 μF	max. 7s	max. 7s	from 0 to 50 %			
10 000 μF	max. 14s	max. 14s	of upper range limit			
>10 Hz	max. 1.5s	max. 1.5s				
°C		max. 3s				

Power supply

Battery 9V flat cell battery; manganese-dioxide cell according to IEC 6 F 22, alkaline-manganese cell

according to IEC 6 LR 61 or suitable NiCd storage battery

Lifespan Without Backlit, using alkaline-manganese cell:

approx. 120 hours on Vapprox. 90 hours on V -, A -, A-

automatic display of the "4-" symbol, when the bat-Battery test

tery voltage drops below approx. 7 V.

EMC Electromagnetic compatibility

EN 61326: 2002 Class B Emission EN 61326 : 2002

Immunity 8kV atmosphere discharge 4kV contact discharge IEC 61000-4-2

IEC 61000-4-3

Fuses Fuse for the FF1.6 A /1000 V: 6.3 mm x 32 mm;

ranges up to 300 mA rating 10 kA with 1000 V AC/DC and ohmic load;

in conjunction with power diodes protects all current

measuring ranges up to 300 mA.

Fuse for the 16A/ 1000 V AC/DC; 10 mm x 38 mm;

ranges up to 10 A rating 30 kA with 1000 V AC/DC and ohmic load protects the 3 A and 10 A ranges up to 1000 VAC/DC;

see "18. Maintenance" for manufacturers and types

of fuses.

Interface

RS232C, serial, to DIN 19241

Type Data transmission Optically with infrared light through the case

Baud rate 8192 bits/s

6 RISHABH INSTRUMENTS RISHABH INSTRUMENTS

Influence Range of Measured Variation influence quantity/ quantity measuring range1) ٧... ± 6 Digit <u>+</u> 30 Digit ٧... Α--+ 30 Digit Battery **-1**⊢⁵) ...< 7,9 V \pm (1 % of rdg. + 10 Digits) A~ voltage > 8,1 V ... 10,0 V <u>+</u> 10 Digit Ω ±10Digit 3 nF ... 30 µF ± 6 Digit Ηz c. ± 5 Digit V, dB, A, Ω Relative 1x intrinsic error 3 Days humidity F, Hz meter off V, dB,A, Ω .Hz± 20 Digit MIN / MAX °C, F ±2 Digit ± 10 Digit V, dB,A, Ω ,HzDATA ± 1 Digit

- 1) With zero adjustment
- 2) With temperature: Error data apply per 10 K change in temperature. With frequency: Error data apply to a display of 10 % of the measuring
- 3) With unknown waveform (crest factor CF > 2), measure with manual Range selection.
- 4) With the exception of sinusoidal waveform.
- 5) After the "⊣⊢" symbol is displayed.

Influence quantity	Range of influence	Measuring ranges	Attenuation
Common	Noise quantity max. 1000 V~	V 	>120 dB
mode interference	Noise quantity max. 1000 V~	300 mV 30 V~	> 80 dB
voltage	50 Hz, 60 Hz sinusodial	300 V~	> 70 dB
		1000V~	> 60 dB
Normal mode interference voltage	Noise quantity V~, value of the measuring range at a time, max. 1000 V~, 50 Hz, 60 Hz sinusodial	۷	> 48 dB
	Noise quantity max. 1000 V-	٧~	> 110 dB

4. Liquid crystal display

4.1 Digital display

The digital display (9) shows the measured value with correct location of decimal point and sign. The selected measuring unit (12) and the function (11) are simultaneously displayed. When measuring DC quantities, a minus sign appears in front of the digits, when the positive pole of the measured quantity is applied to the "L" input terminal. When exceeding the upper range limit 30999 [on the range F: 3099), "OL" is displayed.

With V, A and Ω measurements, the digital display is updated two times per second.

4.2 Analog indication

The analog indicator with pointer presentation gives the dynamic response of a moving coil movement and is updated 20 times per second. Analog indication is of particular advantage when observing variations of measured values and for calibration procedures

The analog indicator has its own polarity indication. When measuring DC quantities, the analog scale (15) has a negative range of 5 scale divisions, so that variations of the measured values around "zero" can be observed exactly. When the measured value exceeds the range of indication, the left triangle (16) is shown before the polarity of the analog indicator switches over after approximately 0.7s. Exceeding of the measuring range (>30999 digits, on the range F:>3099) is snown by the right triangle (13).

The graduation of the analogue scale is automatic which is helpful for the manual range selection

4.3 With Backlit / Without backlit
The instrument is provided with optional user selectable Backlit for measurements in poor light conditions or dark area.
Switching the Backlit ON and OFF:
By pressing "AUTO/MAN" and "DATA/MIN/MAX" keys simultaneously

the Backlit can be switched ON.

And by pressing the same keys simultaneously Backlit can be switched OFF.

5. "DATA" hold/compare facility

The DATA (hold) function allows you to automatically "hold" measured values This is particularly useful, for instance, when applying the probes to the measuring point requires full attention. When the measured value is applied and the "concition" according to the table shown below is met, the meter holds the measured value on the digital display and issues a sound signal. The probes can now be removed from the measuring point and the measured value on the digital display (9) can be read. When the measured value falls below the limit specified in the table, the meter is reactivated for a new storage.

If the new stored value differs by less than 100 digits from the previous value the sound signal is issued twice (DATA-Compare).

		Со	ndition	Me	tion	
Function DATA	DATA MIN/MAX (3)	Measuring ranges	Limit of measured values (digits)	Dis Meas. value digital	play DATA	Sound signal
Activate	short				flashes	1x
Store		V,dB ²⁾ ,A,Hz Ω F	> 2800 < OL > 280	dis- played	dis- played	1x 2x ³⁾
Reactivate ¹⁾		V,dB ² ,A,Hz Ω F	< 2800 OL < 280	stored mea- sured value	flashes	
Reset	long			cleared	cleared	2 x

26 RISHABH INSTRUMENTS RISHABH INSTRUMENTS

- 1) Reactivated by falling below the specified limits of the measured value 2) Refering to AC values
- 3) When storing a value for the first time twice a sound signal

For following "holds" only twice if actual hold value differs from first stored value by less than 100 digits

The analog indication is not influenced by the DATA hold. You can still read the actual measured value. Note that with a "held" digital display, the location of the decimal point is also held.

As long as the DATA hold function is active, manual range selection is not possible.

The DATA hold function is switched off, when the "DATA" pushbutton (3) is pressed for approximately 1s, when the function selector switch (6) is operated, or when the meter is turned OFF and ON again.

6. Minimum value and maximum value "MIN/MAX" storage facility with time display

With the MIN/MAX function, you can "hold" the minimum and the maximum measured value which was applied to the input of the meter after activating MIN/MAX. The most important application is the determination of the minimum and the maximum value for long-term monitoring of measured quantities.

The function "MIN/MAX" can be activated in all ranges except for the diode test. However, for frequency and capacitance measurement the relative time display is not possible.

 $\label{eq:minimax} \mbox{MIN/MAX}\ does\ not\ influence\ the\ analog\ indication;\ you\ can\ still\ read\ the\ actual\ measured\ value.$

Apply the measured quantity to the meter and select the measuring range prior to activating the MIN/MAX function.

With the function activated, you can only select the measuring ranges manually.

However, the stored MIN/MAX values are cleared.

The MIN/MAX function is switched off, when the MIN/MAX pushbutton (3) is pressed for approximately 1s, when the function selector switch (6) is operated, or when the meter is turned OFF and ON again.

	or more no motor is tarriou or i and or again.					
Function	DATA	Measured values MIN and MAX /	Meter reaction Display			
MAN/MAX	MIN/MAX (3)	Elapsed times	Measured value digital	MIN/ MAX	Sound signal	
1. Activate	2 x short	stored	actual Measured	MIN and MAX	1 x	
and store	1		value	flash		
	short	Storage continued	stored MIN value	MIN	1x	
2.	short	in the background,		MIN	1 x	
Store and		new MIN and MAX		and t		
display	short	values and elapsed			1x	
	short	times are displayed		1	1x	
	SHULL		stored MAX value	and t	1 X	
3. Return to 1.	short	same as 1., Stored values are not cleared	same as 1.	same as 1.	1 x	
Reset	long	cleared	cleared	cleared	2x	

7. Voltage measurement

 \iff According to the voltage to be measured, set the function selector switch (6) to V-,V---. or V----.

Influence quantities and variations

Influence quantity	Range of influence	Measured quantity/ measuring ranges1)	variation2) ±(% of rdg. + digits)
		V 	0,05 + 3
		V~,V 	0,2 + 30 0,2 + 3
		300 µA/3 mA	0,2 + 3
		30 mA. 	0,1 + 3 0,2 + 3
	-10 °C	300 mA 10 A 	0,2 + 3
	+21 °C	300µA 300 mA≂	0,3 + 30
Tempera-	and	3 A / 10 A ≅	0,5 + 30
ture	+25°C +40 °C	300Ω	0,1 - 5
		3k 3MΩ	0,1 - 3
		30MΩ	0,6 + 3
		3 nF 3μF	0,5 + 3
		30 µF	2,0 + 3
		Hz	0,1 - 3
		-200 + 100 °C	0,5 Kelvin + 2 Digit
	45 H- 45 H-	+100 +850 °C	0,5 - 2
	15 Hz < 45 Hz	300 mV~	1,0 + 20
	> 65Hz200 Hz 15 Hz < 30 Hz		1,4 + 20 1,0 + 20
			0,5 + 20
Frequency	30 Hz < 45 Hz > 65 Hz 400 Hz	3 300 V~	0,5 + 20
of	> 65 Hz 400 Hz > 400 Hz1kHz		1,0 + 20
the	> 400 Hz1kHz >1 kHz 20kHz		2,0 + 20
measured	15 Hz < 30 Hz		1,0 + 20
quantity	30 Hz < 45 Hz		0,5 + 20
	> 65 Hz 1 kHz	1000 V~	2.0 + 20
	15 Hz < 45 Hz		1,0 + 20
	>65 Hz < 1 kHz	A~	1,0 + 20
	Crest- 13		+ 1 % v. M.
	factor CF > 3 5	V~ ⁴⁾ , A~ ⁴⁾	+ 3 % v. M.
	100001 01 >55		± 3 /6 V. IVI.
		ible crest factor CF on notion of the display	of the AC quantity to be red value:
Waveform of the			Current measurement
or the measured quantity ³⁾	CF 5 4 - 3 - 2 - 1 - 0	3 - 2 - 1 - 0	
	0 500 V	1000 V 0	1000 20000 30000 Digit

8 RISHABH INSTRUMENTS 25 RISHABH INSTRUMENTS

Reference conditions

Ambient temperature: $+23^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2 \text{ K}$

Relative humidity: 45 %...55 % RH

Frequency of the measured quantity: 45 Hz...65 Hz

Waveform of the measure dquantity: sinusoidal

Battery voltage: 8V±0,1V

Display

Liquid crystal display section (65 mm x 30 mm) with analog indication and digital display and with display of the unit of measured quantity, function and various special functions.

<u>Analog:</u>

Indication LCD scale with pointer

Scale length 55mm on V— and A—47 mm on all other ranges Graduation $\pm 5 \dots 0 \dots \pm 30$ with 35 scale divisions on = ,

0 ... 30 with 30 scale divisions on all other ranges

Polarity indication with automatic change-over

Overrange indication by triangle (13) Sampling rate 20 readings/s

<u>Digital:</u>

Display/Height of numer. 7-segmen: numerals/12 mm Number of digits 4 ¼ digits = 31000 counts Overrange Indication "OL* is displayed

Polarity Indication "-" sign is displayed, when the positive pole is at " \perp "

Sampling rate 2 readings/sec

 \Rightarrow Connect the test leads as shown. The " \pm " socket should be connected to the lowest potential ground available.

L

Notes

On the 1000 V range, an intermittent sound signal warns you, when the measured value exceeds the upper range limit.

Caution:

Ensure that a current measuring range ("mA" or "A") is not selected, when you connect your multimeter for voltage measurements! When the cut-out rating of the fuses is exceeded because of incorrect operation, a dangerous situation exists!

Zero adjustment on the 300 mV- measuring range

You can adjust the zero on the 300 mV--- measuring range:

Connect the test leads to the meter and join the free ends.

After having selected the measuring range, briefly press the yellow multifunction pushbutton (5).

The meter acknowledges zero setting by a sound signal, the LCD shows "000,00"(± 1 digit) and the symbol "ZERO" (18) is displayed. The voltage displayed the instant the pushbutton is pressed is used as reference value (max. ± 2000 digits). It is automatically deducted from the values measured there after You can clear the zero adjustment

- by pressing the yellow multi-function pushbutton (5) for a long time, clearance is acknowledged by the buzzer sounding twice.
- by switching the instrument off.

7.1 Voltage measurement on electrical systems up to 1000 V with the KS30 measuring adapter

On low-voltage systems, transient overvoltages of several kilovolts can occur due to switching functions or lightning discharges. Direct connection of your multimeter to such systems for voltage measurement can, therefore, be dangerous.

For voltage measurements on power systems with nominal voltages up to 1000 V. use the KS30 measuring adapter. It is an adapter for multimeters which eliminates dangers caused by overvoltages and incorrect operation of the multimeter. It provides the following protective functions:

- Protection of the input circuit to the voltage measuring range of multimeters The internal resistance of the KS30 limits the current in the case of overvoltage.
- Overload capacity: continuously 1000 V_{ms} transient (rise 10 us/fall 1000 us) 6 kV max
- Safe suppression of sparking from spark gaps after overvoltage.
- Current limitation in the case of incorrect operation (e.g applying a voltage to a current input)

Using the measuring adapter KS30 the additional measured fault is approx.

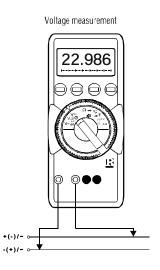
-2%. Voltages above 1000 V can be measured with a high voltage probe, provided the necessary safety precautions are taken!

7.2 AC level measurement (dB)

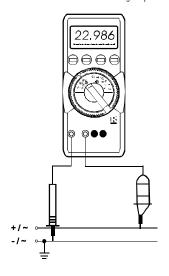
⇒ Set the function selector switch (6) to V ~. Briefly press the multifunction button (5).

The function level measurement is activated now. The measured value is calculated from the true rms value of the AC voltage (300 mV ... 1000 V) and displayed on the LCD display (9). The reference value is taken as $0 \, dB = 0.775 \, V \, (1 \, mW \, on \, 600 \, \Omega)$. The corresponding AC voltage is displayed on the analog

24 RISHABH INSTRUMENTS 9 RISHABH INSTRUMENTS



Voltage measurement on electrical system up to 1000 V with the KS30 measuring adapter



Intrinsic error of digital display	Overload ca	Overload capacity ²⁾		
$\pm (\%$ of rdg.+ digits) at reference conditions	Overload value	Overload curation		
1,0 + 8; 1.0 + 60 ⁻³⁰ 1,0 + 8; 1.0 + 30 ⁻³⁰ 1.0 + 3 1.0 + 3 1.0 + 3 5.0 + 6	1000 V DC AC rms /sine	10 min		
5.0 + 6 5.0 + 6				
0,1 + 3 ⁷¹	≤3 kHz 1000 V ≤30 kHz 300 V ≤100 kHz 30 V	continuou- sly		
0,5 Kelvin + 3 ⁹⁾				
0,5 + 3 ³⁾	1000 V DC			
0,5 Kelvin + 3 ³⁾	AC rms	10 min		
0,5 + 3 3)	sine			

7) Range/ $3V = : U_o = 1V_{ottore}...10V_{ottore}$ $30V = : U_o = 10V_{ottore}...100V_{ottore}$ $300V = : U_o = 100V_{ottore}...1000V_{ottore}$

8) Without sensor

10 RISHABH INSTRUMENTS 23 RISHABH INSTRUMENTS

Measure- ment funcation	M	easuring range	Resolution	Discharge resistance	U _{D max}
	3	,0 00 nF	1 pF	1.5 MΩ	4 V
F	3	0,00 nF	10 pF	1.5 MΩ	4 V
	3	00,0 nF	100 pF	150 kΩ	4 V
	3	,0 00 μF	1 nF	150 kΩ	4 V
	3	0,00 μF	10 nF	15 k Ω	2 V
		00,0 μF	100 nF	1.5 kΩ	2 V
	3 00 0 μF		1 μF	1.5 k Ω	2 V
	10000 μF		10 μF	1.5 k Ω	2 V
				f _{min} ⁶⁾	
	30	0 0,0 0 Hz	0.01 Hz	10	Hz
	3,0000 kHz		0.1 Hz	10 Hz	
Hz	30,000 kHz		1 Hz	10 Hz	
	10	0. 00 k Hz	10 Hz	100 Hz	
	Pt	-200,0 + 100,0 °C	0,1 °C	-	-
°C	100	+100,0 + 850,0 °C	0,1 °C	-	-
	Pt	-100,0 + 100,0 °C	0,1 °C	-	-
	1000	+100,0 + 850,0 °C	0,1 °C	- -	-

- 2) At -10 °C ... + 40 °C
- 3) With zero adjuster; without zero adjuster
- 6) Lowest measurable frequency with a sinusoidal measuring signal which is symmetrical to zero

scale.

⇒Note:

The multimeter does not contain termination resistors. The input impedance is $5~M\Omega$ respectively. In order to measure correctly on unterminated objects, you have to connect the termination resistor to the terminals. Please take the power dissipated by the termination resistor into consideration.

Reference measurements

- Briefly press the multifunction button (5) again.
 - The terminal input AC voltage is displayed and the "ZERO" indicator (18) flashes
- → Briefly press the multifunction button (5) again.
 - The displayed AC voltage is taken as the reference value. The "ZERO" indicator (18) does not flash anymore, but remains continued on.
 - You can now perform level measurements over several voltage ranges relation to the stored reference value. Note, however, that the maximally allowed measuring voltage is 1000 V. The following table shows the display range.
- ➡ By briefly pressing the multifunction button (5) again you return to the voltage measurement with the flashing "ZERO" indicator (18).

The function "dB-measurement" is deactivated by pressing the multifunction button for a long period (about 1s), or by changing the function selector switch getting or by lurning the multimeter off and then on again.

dB ranges

Measurement ranges	Display at reference Voltage U=0.775 V	Display at reference Voltage U _{ref} (V)
300 mV~ 3 V~ 30 V~ 300 V~ 1000 V~	-48 dB 8 dB -38 dB + 12 dB -18 dB + 32 dB +2 dB + 52 dB +22 dB + 63 dB	-40 dB + 110 dB -60 dB + 100 dB -80 dB + 80 dB -100 dB + 60 dB -110 dB + 40 dB
	Display (dB) = 20 lg (Ux (V) / 0.775V)	Display (dB) = 20 lg (Ux (V) / U _{ref} (V))

8. Current measurement

- ➡ First disconnect the power supply to the circuit being measured and/or to the load, and discharge all capacitors within that circuit.
- With the function selector switch (6), select A—for currents > 300 mA, and mA—for currents < 300 mA. When measuring currents of unknown magnitude, select the highest measuring range first.</p>
- Select the function corresponding to the measured quantity by briefly pressing the yellow multi-function pushbutton (5). Each time the pushbutton is pressed, alternate switching takes place between DC and (DC + AC) and the change-over is acknowledged by a sound signal. The symbols DC and AC (11) show the selected function on the LCD.
- When selecting a range with the function selector switch (6), the DC function is always set initially. When pressing the yellow multi-function pushbutton (5) for a long time, the meter always switches back to DC and acknowledges this by the buzzer sounding twice.

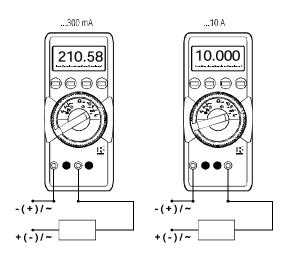
Notes on current measurement:

• The meter must be used only in power systems, when the current circuit is protected by a fuse or a *circuit breaker* of 20 A, and when the *nominal*

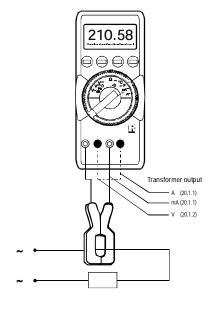
22 RISHABH INSTRUMENTS 11 RISHABH INSTRUMENTS

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Current measurement



AC current measurement with (clip-on) current transformer



Intrinsic error	Overloa	d capacity ²⁾		
	+ (% of rdg.+ digits) at reference conditions			
	, t) · · · · · t)			
0.05 - 3; 0,05. + 203)	1,0 + 30(>600 Digit)	40001		
0.05 + 3	0,5 + 30(>300 Digit)	1000 V DC	continu-	
0.05 + 3	0,5 + 30(>300 Digit)	AC	ously	
0.05 + 3	0,5 + 30(>300 Digi:)	rms		
0.05 + 3	0,5 + 30(>300 Digit)	sine		
-	<u>+</u> 0.5 dB ⁴⁾			
	₩1)			
0,2 + 20	1,2 + 30(>300 Digit)			
0,2 + 10	1,2 + 30(>300 Digit)	0.36 A	continuously	
0,05 + 10	1,2+50(>300 Digit)	0.50 A		
0,2 + 10	1,2+30(>300 Digit)			
0,5 + 10	1,2+50(>300 Digit)	40.45)	5 min	
0,5 + 10	1,2+30(>300 Digit)	12 A ⁵⁾	5 min	
0,1 + 6; (),1 + 30 ³⁾			
0,1	1000 V			
0,1	DC AC	10 min		
0,1	rms			
0,1	sine			
1,0				
0,2	+ 3			

- 3) With zero adjuster; without zero adjuster
- 4) At a resolution of 0.01 dB
- 5) 16 A 30s

12 RISHABH INSTRUMENTS 21 RISHABH INSTRUMENTS

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17) Specifications

, -, -,						
Measurement function	9	Resolution	Input imp	edance		
IUIICUUII	range			~1) ~ 1)		
	300,00 mV	10 μV	>10 GΩ	5 MΩ//<40 pF		
	3,0000 V	100 µV	11 MΩ	5 MΩ//<40 pF		
v	30,000 V	1 mV	10 MΩ	5 MΩ//<40 pF		
٧	300,00 V	10 mV	10 MΩ	5 MΩ//<40 pF		
	1000,0 V	100 mV	10 MΩ	5 MΩ//<40 pF		
dB	see parag	raph 7.2	-	as at V~		
			Voltage dro	p approx.		
				⊕0		
	300,00 μΑ	10 nA	15 mV	15 mV		
mA	3,0000 mA	100 nA	150 mV	150 mV		
	30,000 mA	1 µA	30 mV	30 mV		
	300,00 mA	10 μΑ	300 mV	300 mV		
Α	3,0000 A	100 μΑ	150 mV	150 mV		
A	10,000 A	1 mA	400 mV	400 mV		
			No-load voltage	Short-circuit current		
	300,00Ω	10 mΩ	max. 4.00 V	max. 1 mA		
	3,0000 kΩ	100 mΩ	max. 1.25 V	max. 100 μA		
Ω	30,000 kΩ	1Ω	max. 1.25 V	max. 10 μA		
	300,00 kΩ	10Ω	max. 1.25 V	max. 1 µA		
	3,0000 MΩ	100Ω	max. 1.25 V	max. 0.1 μA		
	30,000 MΩ	1 kΩ	max. 1.25 V	max. 0.1 μA		
→ +	3,0000 V-	1 mV	max. 4.00 V	-		

1) TRMS measurement

Values < 100 Digit (<500 Digit for measuring range 300 mV) will be supressed

Voltage of the system does not exceed 1000 V.

- Make the measuring circuit connections mechanically strong and secure so that they do not accidentally open. The conductor cross sections and connection points should be designed to avoid excessive heating.
- On the 300mA and 10A ranges, an intermittent sound signal warns you, when the measured value exceeds the upper range limit.
- The current measuring ranges up to 300 mA are protected to a short circuit current of 25 A by a fuse FF1.6/1000 V in conjunction with power diodes. The cutout capacity of the fuse is 10 kA at a rated voltage of 1000 V and ohmic
- The current measuring ranges up to 10A are protected by a 16A/1000 V fuse. The cut-out capacity of the fuse is 30 kA at a nom. voltage of 1000 V and ohmic load.
- . A blown fuse is signaled on the LCD the instant a measured quantity having a voltage of more than 4 V is applied to the corresponding connection sockets. Then, the digital display (9) shows the word "FUSE".
- . After a fuse has blown, eliminate the cause of the overload before using the meter again!
- Replacement of the fuses is described in section "18. Maintenance".

AC current measurement with (clip-on) current transformers

See appendix section 20.1.

9. Resistance measurement and continuity test

- ⇒ Verify that the device under test is electrically dead. External voltages would falsify the measured result!
- Set the function selector switch (6) to "Ω".
- Connect the device under test as shown.

Zero adjustment on the measuring ranges 300Ω to $3k\Omega$

When measuring small resistance values on the 300Ω and $3k\Omega$ range, you can eliminate the resistance of the leads and transient resistances by zero adjust-

- Connect the test leads to the meter and join the free ends.
- ⇒ Briefly press the yellow multi-function pushbutton (5).

The meter acknowledges zero adjustment by a sound signal, the LCD shows "000,00" resp. "0,0000" (+1 cigit) and the symbol "ZERO" (18) is displayed. The resistance measured the instant the pushbutton is pressed is used as reference value (max. 2000 digits). It is automatically deducted from the values measured thereafter.

You can clear the zero adjustment

- -by pressing the yellow multifunction pushbutton (5) for a long time, clearance is acknowledged by the buzzer sounding twice,
- by switching the instrument off

Continuity test with buzzer

With "buzzer" function activated, the meter issues a continuous sound signal below 100.00 Ω on the 300.00 Ω range only.

The source of t

r:>To switch buzzer OFF:

Select range $30k\Omega$, $300k\Omega$, $3M\Omega$, or $30M\Omega$, through manual mode and briefly press the yellow multi function key(5). The meter will show "cont.y" on display. Press "AUTO/MAN" key. The meter will show "cont.n" on display.

Now press the yellow key(5) again. The symbol \sphericalangle (20) disappears on the display when 300.00 Ω range is selected.

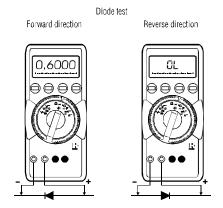
20 RISHABH INSTRUMENTS

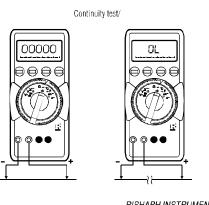
RISHABH INSTRUMENTS

Resistance measurement 2.1058 0000

- Hardware: You need
 An IBM AT-compatible PC with 640 kB main memory for the DOS version
 A WINDOWS-executing, IBM compatible PC with 2 MB main memory for the WINDOWS version
- A VGA or EGA monitor;
- A Herkules monitor can also be used for the DOS version
 A hard disk with 3 MB free storage space
 A 3.5" disk drive far disks with 1.4MB storage capacity

- A MICROSOFT-compatible mouse If you wish to make hardcopies
- an EPSON compatible printer when using the DOS version, a printer supported by WINDOWS when using WINDOWS.





14 RISHABH INSTRUMENTS RISHABH INSTRUMENTS

- ⇒ Briefly press the yellow multi-function pushbutton (5). "00:00:00" and the stop watch symbol (17) are displayed on the LCD.
- ⇒ The stop watch is started and stopped by pressing the "AUTO/MAN" pushbutton (4). The display is in minutes, seconds and tenth of seconds.
- ⇒ The time can be cleared by pressing the "DATA-MIN/MAX" pushbutton (3).
- Briefly press the multi-function pushbutton (5) in order to return to voltage measurement.

16. RS-232C interface

The RISH Multi: 18S multimeter is fittled with a serial RS-232C interface for transmission of measured data to electronic data processing systems. The measured values are optically transmitted through the case with infrared light to an interface adapter which is attached to the multimeter. The measured cata is passed to the computer via a cable

Switching the interface ON

⇒ When switching on the instrument press the "ON/OFF" pushbutton (2) and the "DATA-MIN/MAX" pushbutton (3) together. With the interface switched on, automatic turn-off of the meter is inactive. This is shown on the LCD by flashing of the △(8) symbol.

The "DATA" function cannot be activated.

Interface packs as accessories

Interface adapters without memory permit a transmission of measured data up to 4 multimeters to the computer (One-channel interface pack or fourchannel interface pack).

With a memory adapter it is also possible to store the measured data without computer for a later transmission of the memorized data to the computer. For establishing a powerful multimeter system you can connect up to ten multimeters offline. In online a connection up to six multimeters to the computer is possible via memory adapter. (One-channel memory pack or four-channel

All interface packs include the adapters, the necessary connection cables and the RISH com 100 / RISH Made: data acquisition and evaluation software with operating instructions.

RISH com 100 / RISHMulti software

The RISH com 100 / RISH Multi software package consists of a DOS version and a WINDOWS version.

With RISH com 100 / RISH Madai you can simultaneously acquire, store, display and document the measured data of several RISHMuts multimeters. The measured values can be presented in the WINDOWS version:

- As digital display and analog indication similar to that of the multimeter (up to 4 multimeters)
- Intraces (XY and Yt) as on a 4-channel recorder
- In tabular form (data logger: up to 10 channels).

The DOS version only allows the recorder presentation Yt.

The measured data is stored in ASCII format for further processing

For the use of RISH com 100 / RISHMata the following requirements must be met:

Software: You need

- MSDOS or PC DOS, version 5.0 or higher
- MS WINDOWS 3.1 or higher, if you wish to work with the WINDOWS version

RISHABH INSTRUMENTS

10 Diode test and continuity test

- ⇒ Verify that the device under test is electrically dead. External voltages would falsify the measured result!
- ⇒ Set the function selector switch (6) to "→".
- ➡ Connect the device under test as shown.

Forward direction and/or short circuit:

The meter displays the forward voltage in Volts. As long as the voltage drop does not exceed the maximum display value of 3.0999 V, you can also test several series-connected elements or reference diodes with small reference voltage

Reverse direction or interruption:

The meter indicates overrange "OL".

Resistors and semiconductor junctions in parallel with the diode falsify the

Diode test and continuity test with buzzer

With the "buzzer" function selected, the meter issues a continuous sound signal on the range 0... approx. 0.2V.

<u>To switch the buzzer ON:</u>

⇒ Briefly press the yellow multi-function pushbutton (5).

The meter acknowledges turn-on with a sound signal. At the same time, the Symbol (20) appears on the LCD.

To switch the buzzer OFF:

 □ Briefly press theyeflow multi-function pushbutton (5) again.
The meter acknowledges turn-off with a sound signal. The symbol (20) disappears from the LCD.

When selecting the function "Diode test and continuity test" with the function $selector\,switch\,(6), the\,buzzer\,is\,always\,switched\,off.\,Repeated\,brief\,pressing\,of$ the multifunction pushbutton (5) alternately switches the buzzer on and off. When pressing the pushbutton for a long time, the buzzer is always switched off, this is acknowledged by the buzzer sounding twice.

11. Capacitance measurement

- ∇erify that the device under test is electrically dead. External voltages would falsify the measured result!
- Set the function selector switch (6) to "F".
- $\ \ \, \ \ \, \ \ \, \ \ \,$ Connect the (discharged!) device under test to the " \bot " and "F" sockets via test leads.

Notes:

Connect polarized capacitors with the "-"pole to the " \bot " socket.

Resistors and semiconductor junctions in parallel with the capacitor falsify the

Zero adjustment on the measuring ranges 3 nF to 30 nF

When measuring small capacitance values on the 3 nF and 30 nF range, you can eliminate the internal resistance of the meter and the capacitance of the leads by zero adjustment:

- Connect the test leads to the meter without the device under test.
- Briefly press the yellow multi-function pushbutton (5).

The meter acknowledges zero adjustment by a sound signal, by displaying "0,000" resp. "00,00" (+1 digit) and the symbol "ZERO" (18) on the the LCD. The capacitance measured the instant the pushbutton is pressed is used as reference value (max. 500 digits). It is automatically deducted from the values measured thereafter.

You can clear the zero adjustment

- by pressing the yellow multi-function pushbutton (5) for a long time, clearance is acknowledged by the buzzer sounding twice,
- by switching the instrument off.

12. Frequency measurement

Frequency measurement is only possible with a voltage measurement in the (DC+AC) mode.

15 RISHABH INSTRUMENTS

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⇒ Set the function selector switch (6) to V =

- Connections are made the same way as for voltage measurement. See foot note 6) on page 22.
- ⇒ Briefly press the yellow multi-function pushbutton (5).

The meter switches to frequency measurement. The frequency is displayed on the LCD.

See Section "17. Specifications" for the lowest measurable frequencies and the maximum permissible voltages.

- From frequency measurement, you can directly switch back to voltage measurement
- by pressing the yellow multi-function pushbutton (5) for a long time. The meter acknowledges this with the buzzer sounding twice. The voltage measuring range last selected is maintained.
- by operating the function selector switch (6).

13. Temperature measurement

With PI 100 and PI 1000 temperature sensors you can measure temperatures on the range from-200 (-100) $^{\rm n}$ C ...+ 850 $^{\rm n}$ C

- ⇒ Set the function switch (6) to "°C".
- Connect the sensor to the two sockets for which access is allowed.

The meter automatically detects the connected sensor (Pt 100 or Pt 1000) and shows the measured temperature in ${}^{\circ}$ C on the digital display.

Notes:

This measurement automatically considers the lead resistance of the RISHABH temperature sensors which are available as accessory.

Temperature measurement

considering sensor lead resistances up to 50Ω

Lead resistances of sensors having a value differing from that of RISHABH sensors can be considered up to a value of 50Ω as follows:

- ⇒ Briefly press the yellow multi-function pushbutton (5).
 - The temperature measurement range is now selected which considers a changed lead resistance of the sensor. This is indicated on the LCD by the "ZERO" symbol.
- ⇒ Briefly press the yellow multi-function pushbutton (5) again.
 - The LCD now displays the resistance value which the meter automatically considers. So that you can recognize that this is the resistance correction value on the temperature measuring range, the "C" character is simultaneously shown.
- ➡ You can set the line resistance correction value as follows:
 - Press the DATA-MIN/MAX pushbutton (3) to increment the value, or the AUTO/MAN pushbutton (4) to decrement the value. Each time the pushbutton is briefly pressed, the value changes by one digit. You pass through fast, when you press the pushbutton longer.
- rack Briefly press the yellow multi-function pushbutton (5) again.
 - The LCD displays the measured temperature in consideration of the changed lead resistance. The symbol "ZERO" (18) in the LCD shows you this.
- Each following time the yellow multi-function pushbutton (5) is briefly pressed, the display changes between measured temperature with changed lead resistance and correction value of the lead resistance.
 - You can exit the function "temperature measurement with changed lead resistance"

 by pressing the yellow multi-function pushbutton (5) longer, this is Confirmed by the buzzer sounding twice,

by switching the meter off.

Note:

The correction value for the lead resistance remains stored when exiting the function and when switching off the multimeter.

To determine the lead resistance, only use the multimeter you use to measure the temperatures. Only this way, it is assured that the measuring error is within the specified range.

14. Event counter

Event counter is only possible with a voltage measurement in (DC+AC) mode. With this function it is possible to measure and indicate the number of elapsed time of the events and the total of the function activation. Voltage signals are indicated with an amplitude of \geq 2 500 digits, with a maximum, repitition rate of 0.25 Hz (minimum, duration of 4 seconds) and a minimum, event time of 2 seconds.

- \Rightarrow Set the funciton switch (6) to $\nabla \overline{\approx}$.
- → Switch the signal on as for voltage measurement.

For other functions see the following table.

With this function the meter is not switched off automatically.

It is possible to return directly from event counter to voltage measurement

- by pressing the yellow multi-function pushbutton (5) longer. This is confirmed by the buzzer sounding twice. The voltage measuring range which was set the last time, keeps switched on.
- by actuating the function switch (6).

Î		Reaction of multimeter	
Multi- Function- key (5)	Function	Display	Sound signal
short	1. Frequency measurement	Frequency	1x
short	2. Function EVENTS is activated; Events (>2 500 digits) are counted	Actual voltage; "EVENTS" flashes	1 x
short	Number of events since beginning of activation; event counting continues in the background	Number of events "EVENTS" (up to 99999)	1x
short	4. Cumulated on time of all events >2 500 digits max. 99 hours 59 min.	t ON EVENTS	1x
short	5. Elapsed time since activation max. 99 hours 59 min	t	1x
short	Back to the 2.; number of recorded events is kept; events counting continues in the background	Actual voltage; "EVENTS" flashes	
long	clear	Actual voltage	2x

15. Stop watch

This function allows you to measure elapsed times up to one hour.

- \Rightarrow Run the function selector switch (6) to "V == "
- $\ \, \rightleftharpoons \ \,$ Use the pushbutton "AUTO/MAN" (4) to select a measuring range between 3 V and 1000 V.
- ⇒ The function stop watch cannot be activated in the range 300 mV ==.

16 RISHABH INSTRUMENTS 17 RISHABH INSTRUMENTS

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